Lewes District Local Plan

Part 1: Joint Core Strategy – Submission Document

# **Main Modifications**

Schedule 3

July 2015

Main Modifications proposed in response to the Hearing Sessions and the Inspector's Initial Findings Letter



#### Context for the Modifications<sup>1</sup>

**Schedule 3** – below sets out **Main Modifications** proposed in response to discussions at the Examination Hearings in January 2015 and in response to the Inspector's Initial Findings Letter of 10 February 2015 [ID-05 <u>http://www.lewes.gov.uk/Files/plan\_ID-05 Letter to Councils 10 Feb 2015.pdf</u>]. NB. This schedule includes Main Modifications originally included in Schedules 1 or 2. Schedule 3 therefore sets out all modifications proposed since September 2014 that are considered to be 'Main Modifications'. <u>It is the Main Modifications that the Inspector will consider in his Final Report</u> hence they have been compiled together in this Schedule for ease of reference.

#### We have also prepared three other Schedules of proposed modifications:

**Schedule 1** - Main and Additional modifications to the Joint Core Strategy Submission Document that the local planning authorities have identified following the pre-submission publication of the Focussed Amendments document under Regulation 19 of the Town and Country Planning (Local Planning) (England) Regulations 2012. These modifications have arisen post-publication and are generally recommended to address a matter raised in representations made; to update information; or to correct drafting errors in the document. The reason for each modification is given in the relevant table. This schedule was originally submitted as examination document CD/004 in September 2014.

**Schedule 2** – Main and Additional Modifications proposed to the Inspector in our January 2015 Written Matters Statements. This was originally submitted as Table 2 of examination document LDC/015. Where changes have subsequently been made, or modifications in Table 2 have been superseded in Schedules 3 or 4, this is indicated in Schedule 2.

**Schedule 4** – Additional Modifications ('non-main' or 'minor' modifications) proposed in response to discussions at the Examination Hearings in January 2015 and in response to the Inspector's Initial Findings Letter of 10 February 2015 [ID-05 <u>http://www.lewes.gov.uk/Files/plan\_ID-05\_Letter\_to\_Councils\_10\_Feb\_2015.pdf</u>].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> 'Main' Modifications are those changes that are necessary for the soundness of the plan. It is only the Main Modifications that the Inspector will deal with in his final report. 'Additional' Modifications are all other changes (sometimes called 'minor' modifications) including corrections and additional supporting text and clarification, which the local planning authority considers of benefit to the plan and/or its implementation but do not change the intent of the strategy itself.

The Inspector is invited by the Local Planning Authorities to consider these Main Modifications to the Joint Core Strategy Submission Document under Section 20(7) of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004.

MAIN MODIFICATIONS are highlighted in blue	
SUPERSEDED modifications are greyed out	

NB All page numbers, footnotes and paragraph numbers etc quoted relate to the September 2014 Submission Joint Core Strategy document. Page, paragraph and policy numbers may change once the modifications are included in the final draft.

		Schedule 3	
Main Modification Reference Number	Joint Core Strategy Submission Document Reference / Location	Proposed Change	Reason
MM01	Section 6 (Spatial Strategy) Spatial Policy 1, p.41	Amend Spatial Policy 1 by deleting the first sentence and replacing it with new text to read: In the period between 2010 and 2030, a minimum of 6,900 net additional dwellings will be provided in the plan area (this is the equivalent of approximately 345 net additional dwellings per annum).	In response to the Inspectors initial findings on the submitted Local Plan.
MM02	Section 6 (Spatial Strategy) Spatial Policy 2, p.45	Amend Spatial Policy 2 as follows: <b>Spatial Policy 2 – Distribution of Housing</b> During the period between 2010 and 2030, a minimum of <del>5,600</del> <u>6,900</u> net additional dwellings will be delivered in the district. Part of this total will be met as follows;	In response to the Inspectors Initial Findings on the submitted Local Plan.
		<ul> <li>628 <u>1,020</u> completions in the period between April 2010 and April 2013 2015</li> <li>The delivery of 1,428 <u>1,4161,558</u> commitments across the plan area.</li> <li><u>An allowance for 518 600</u> dwellings to be permitted on unidentified small-scale windfall sites during the plan period and subsequently delivered<sup>19</sup>.</li> <li>An allowance for <u>-125 dwellings to be permitted on rural exception</u></li> </ul>	

sites during the plan period and subsequently delivered	
The remaining <del>3,026 3,6463,597</del> net additional dwellings will be	
distributed as follows:	
(1) Housing to be delivered on the following strategic site allocations;	
<ul> <li>Land at North Street, Lewes – 390 415 net additional units.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Land at Old Malling Farm, Lewes – 200 net additional units</li> </ul>	
Land to the north of Bishops Lane, Ringmer – 110 net	
additional units	
<ul> <li>Land to the north of Bishops Lane, Ringmer – 110 net</li> </ul>	
additional units (contingent on the Ringmer Neighbourhood	
Plan not being made before the adoption of the Core Strategy	
or that it does not allocate sufficient sites to deliver 110 net	
additional units by 2019).	
<ul> <li>Land at Greenhill Way, Haywards Heath (within Wivelsfield</li> </ul>	
Parish) – <u>175-113 net additional units (this is in addition to</u>	
the 62 units already granted permission at this site).	
<ul> <li>(2) Housing to be delivered at the following broad location;</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Land at Harbour Heights, Newhaven – a contribution towards</li> </ul>	
the 830 planned <u>400</u> net additional units <u>.</u> at Newhaven (see	
(3) below)	
<ul> <li>Land at Lower <u>Hoddern Farm, Peacehaven – 450 net</u></li> </ul>	
additional units.	
( <u>32</u> ) Planned housing growth at the following settlements;	
<ul> <li>Lewes – a minimum of <u>260-220</u> net additional units</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Newhaven – a minimum of 830 400 net additional units</li> <li>December &amp; Telecomber - a minimum of 660 255 net</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Peacehaven &amp; Telscombe – a minimum of 660 255 net</li> <li>additional units (520 of which will all be contingent upon</li> </ul>	
additional units <del>(520 of </del> which will all be contingent upon developers identifying and demonstrating to the satisfaction	
of the local highway authority, and delivering, a co-ordinated	
package of multi-modal transport measures required to	
package of multi-modal transport measures required to	

<ul> <li>mitigate the impacts of development on the A259).</li> <li>Seaford – a minimum of 470-185 net additional units</li> <li>Burgess Hill (within Wivelsfield Parish) – a minimum of 100 net additional units</li> <li>Barcombe Cross – a minimum of 30 net additional units</li> <li>North Chailey – a minimum of 30 net additional units</li> <li>South Chailey – a minimum of 10 net additional units</li> <li>Cooksbridge – a minimum of 30 net additional units</li> <li>Ditchling – a minimum of 15 net additional units</li> <li>Newick – a minimum of 100 net additional units</li> <li>Plumpton Green – a minimum of 50 net additional units</li> <li>Ringmer &amp; Broyle Side – a minimum of 220 Ringmer &amp; Broyle Side – a minimum of 215 net additional units</li> <li>Ringmer &amp; Broyle Side – a minimum of 215 net additional units</li> </ul>	
figure will be 110 net additional units).	
<ul> <li>Wivelsfield Green – a minimum of 30 net additional units</li> </ul>	
- (3) 207 net additional units in locations to be determined.	
For the <u>planned -housing</u> growth identified in sections (32 and 3) above, individual sites to meet the planned levels of housing provision will be identified in either the District Council's Site Allocations and Development Management Policies DPD, or the National Park Authority's Local Plan. Neighbourhood Plans could also be used to identify the individual sites, although should they not be progressed in an appropriate timeframe, fail at Examination or referendum, or not identify sites to deliver the required number of units then the aforementioned local planning authority documents will plan for this growth.	
For settlements or development not listed in sections (32) or (3) above new housing will be limited to affordable housing that meets a local need on exception sites and currently unidentified infill developments within	

# **APPENDIX 1**

Main Modifications

		the plannin	g boundary	<b>'</b> .				
MM03	Section 6 (Spatial Strategy) Table 5, p.46	Amend Tabl Table 5 – P	Consequent to MM02					
		Settleme nt (NP denotes it is in the National Park)	<b>Completi</b> ons (April 2010 – April <u>2013</u> 2015 )	Commit ments (as at 1 <sup>st</sup> April 2013 2015)	Housing delivered on strategic sites	Housing to be delivered through subseque nt allocation s	Total	
		Edge of Haywards Heath (within Wivelsfiel d Parish)	0	<u>0-62</u>	<del>175<u>113</u></del>	0	175	
		Seaford Lewes	89 <u>216</u> 66-146	240 <u>153</u> 152 <u>125</u>	0 <u>390-615</u>	<u>170_184</u> 260_220	4 <del>99_<u>553</u> 868</del>	
		(NP) Newhave n	<u>35_66</u>	783 <u>786</u>	<u>0_400</u>	830 <u>424</u>	<u>1106</u> 1648 1676	
		Peacehav en & Telscomb e	<del>223_332</del>	<del>137<u>1</u>89</del>	<u>0-450</u>	<u>660_253</u>	<del>1020</del> 1224	

	Edge of Burgess Hill (within Wivelsfiel d Parish) Ringmer	70 4 <u>-6</u>	0 <u>-27</u> 41 <u>-52</u>	0 - <del>0</del> <u>110</u>	100 - <u>-220_217</u>	<del>170</del> <u>197</u> <del>265<u>385</u></del>	
	& Broyle Side <sup>21</sup>			<del>(110)</del>	<del>(110)</del>		
	Newick	<u>22_27</u>	5 <u>-2</u>	0	100	<u>127_129</u>	
	Barcomb e Cross	<u>θ-2</u>	1	0	30	<del>31<u>33</u></del>	
	Plumpton Green	1 <u>15</u>	<u>3-5</u>	0	50	<del>54<u>-70</u></del>	
	Wivelsfiel d Green	<u> 15_17</u>	<del>3<u>76</u></del>	0	30	48 <u>123</u>	
	Cooksbri dge	θ <u>5</u>	7 <u>3</u>	0	30*	<del>37<u>38</u></del>	
	North Chailey	4 <u>3</u>	0	0	30	<del>34<u>33</u></del>	
	South Chailey	<del>2</del> 3	<u>21</u>	0	10	14	
	Ditchling (NP)	8 <u>10</u>	<u> 26</u>	0	15	<del>25<u>31</u></del>	
	All other settlemen ts and areas	<del>89_102</del>	<del>52<u>70</u></del>	0	0	<u>141_172</u>	

		date is very for the plan compromise current plan planning pe site in adva emerging N against the <b>The windfa</b>	limited. Alth ned level of l ed if the rede ning applica rmission is g nce of alloca leighbourhoc planned requ	nough the s nousing gro evelopment tion, is gra granted for tions being od Plan, the uirement fo wance of <b>£</b>	565 1688 acity for housi SHLAA identif owth in Cooks t of the Covers nted consent. the residentia g made in eith a number of ho or this settleme 518 units is 6 5 units are no	ies sufficier bridge to b s site, which As a resu I redevelop er Local Pla omes perm ent. 00 units ar	nt potential of e met, this w h is subject t lt, in the eve oment of the an Part 2 or itted will be o	apacity vould be to a nt that Covers the counted	
MM04	Section 6, Spatial Policy 3 p50	Land amou neighbouri that would <del>masterplar</del> that will int following u • Approxim the norther • <u>At least</u> floorspace <u>and genera</u>	Inting to ap ing part of E create a ne this to be pro- dicate the ex- ises and bro- nately <u>415</u> 39 on part of the etween 4,00 and/or B1c al viability;	proximate astgate is w neighbo <del>pared in a cact_The o ad quante 0-resident e site; 0 sq metro light indu</del>	ly 9 hectares allocated for burhood for the advance of a development um of develo tial units, pre es and 5,000 strial floorsp	at North S r a mixed-o he town of formal pla mix <u>shoul</u> pment: dominantl sq metres <u>ace, subje</u>	Street and thuse develop Lewes. A domining applied be based y focused to of B1a office	ne oment detailed ication on the owards ce	To respond to the discussion at the examination hearing session, the updated circumstances surrounding the site, and to aid in the clarity of the policy, particularly

predominantly for comparison goods;	when applying
• A hotel;	it to
<ul> <li>The redevelopment or relocation of the existing <u>A1</u> food</li> </ul>	Development
super <u>market</u> store; and	Management
<ul> <li>Other uses that are deemed to aid in the successful delivery of a new</li> </ul>	purposes.
neighbourhood, whilst not undermining the wider function of the town	
(this could include A1 Shops, A2 Financial and Professional Services, A3	
Restaurants and Cafes, A4 Drinking Establishments, A5 Hot Food	
Takeaways, C1 hotel, D2 Assembly and Leisure uses and community	
floorspace).	
<u>C2/C3 Nursing/ Care Home (ome (those residential units that are</u>	
self-contained (see para 7.24) units will be counted as residential	
within the above figureagainst the overall housing target for the	
site)	
• D1 Non-residential institutions such as mMedical and hHealth s.	
creches, exhibition and training spaceServices and D2 Leisure	
floorspace.	
Development of this site will be delivered in the period between 2016 and	
20210 and this will be further expanded upon in the masterplan, which will	
be developed in consultation with residents, businesses and community	
groups on site and in the local area.	
The redevelopment of the North Street Quarter and the neighbouring part	
of Eastgate will be permitted subject to compliance with the Core Delivery	
Policies of this plan <del>, the aforementioned masterplan,</del> and the following	
criteria:	
i) <u>It</u> The development incorporates the early provision of flood	
defences to an appropriate standard and to the approval of the	
Environment Agency;	
ii) It <del>The development</del> facilitates improved linkages across Phoenix	

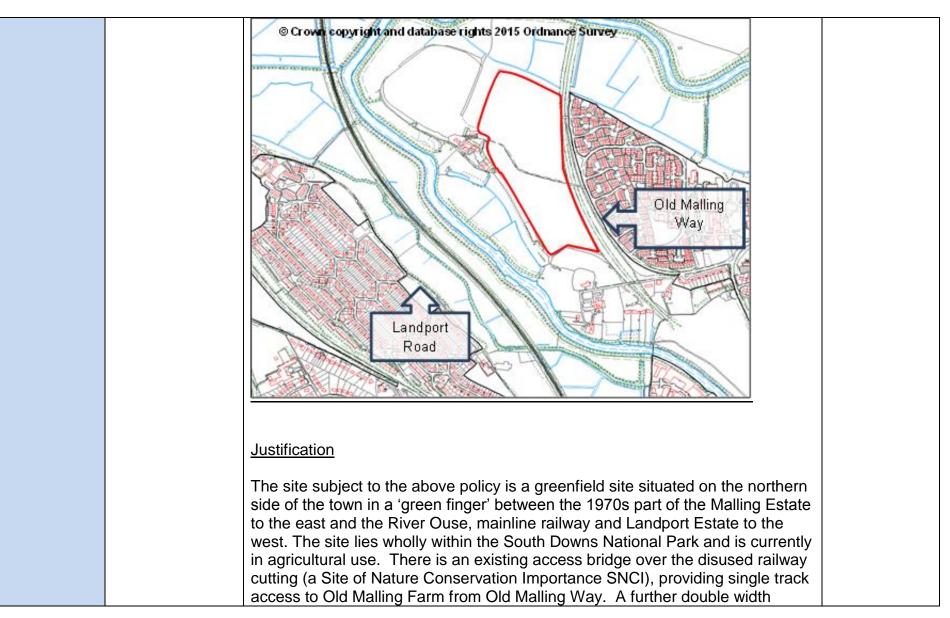
	Causeway and Eastgate Street to enable the	•
	integration of the area to the north of Phoeni	x Causeway with
	the wider town centre;	
I	iii) <u>It delivers</u> The delivery of enhancements to v	
	off-site highway improvements, arising from	and related to the
	development and its phasing;	
l	iv) <u>It The development</u> respects and enhances the char	
	and achieves a high standard of design, recognising t	
	environment, on and within the vicinity of the site, and	•
	within the South Downs National Park and the adjacer	nt <u>to a</u> Conservation
	Area;	
	v) <u>It is The development will be</u> subject to an analysis a	and appropriate
l	recognition of the site's cultural heritage and a progra	
	archaeological work, including, where applicable, des	k-based
	assessment, geophysical survey, geo-archaeological	survey and trial
	trenching to inform design and appropriate mitigation	
	vi) A riverside pedestrian route along the western ban	k of the River Ouse
	is incorporated <u>tointo the scheme, which will</u> extend the scheme is incorporated the scheme is the	
	focus and contribute to <u>its</u> the character and quality,-o	
	<u>a</u> Additional pedestrian and cycling routes <u>arewill be</u> in	ncorporated into the
	site to aid in linking the site to the rest of the town;	
l	vii) <u>It The redevelopment would</u> results in no net loss of	of public parking
	provision;	
	viii) The retail element of the development is incorporate	
	centre boundary (as designated by Core Policy 6) as f	ar as <del>feasibly</del>
	possible, with any additional significant retail provision	n being directed to
	the southern part of the North Street Quarter. The exact	<del>ct location</del> and <u>the</u>
	amount of retail provision <u>is</u> will be informed by a Reta	il Impact
l	Assessment, if necessary which will be undertaken to	inform the
	masterplanning process;	
	ix) Subject to the commercial need, flexibility will be a	pplied to the
	requirement to deliver B1a office floorspace, so that o	ther B1 uses can be
1		

		explored;ix) Alternative uses will only be permitted on the bus station site aresubject toshould the facility being replaced on an operationallysatisfactory and accessible site elsewhere; andxi) It makes cContributions towards off-site infrastructure improvementsarising from, and related to, the development; andi) It provides a connection to the sewerage and water supply systemsat the nearest point of adequate capacity, as advised by SouthernWater, and ensures future access to the existing sewerage andwater supply infrastructure for maintenance and upsizingpurposes.	
MM05	Section 6 (Spatial Strategy) Additional Strategic allocation -	Insert additional strategic site allocation for Old Malling Farm, Lewes, after paragraph 6.66 as follows: <u>Old Malling Farm, Lewes</u> Spatial Policy 4 – Old Malling Farm, Lewes	To respond to the Inspector's Initial Findings requirements
	Spatial Policy 4 p54 NB subsequent spatial policies will be renumbered to reflect the	Land amounting to approximately 10 hectares (6.6 hectares net developable area) is allocated for a residential development of approximately 200 dwellings. Development will be permitted subject to compliance with the Core Delivery Policies of this plan, with a Design Brief to be approved by the local planning authority in advance of an application and the following criteria:	
	insertion of this policy into the <u>Lewes town</u> section	<ul> <li>i) 50% of dwelling units are affordable, subject to the provisions of CP1;</li> <li>ii) Development is restricted to the parts of the site above the 10 metre contour in the northern field and further than 20 metres from the western and southern boundary in the southern field,</li> </ul>	

	or in such other way as is agreed by the SDNPA through a detailed site appraisal and included in the Design Brief;	
iii)	Development on the western edge of the southern field is lower density than other parts of the site with gardens bounded by hedges rather than walls or fences;	
iv)	Development and appropriately designed equipped play space integrates into a multi-functional network of green infrastructure;	
v)	The design, layout, built form, spatial arrangements, landscaping and materials, including the pattern, scale and colour of roofs, respect and reflect the National Park location;	
vi)	Views from elevated chalk hills to the east and west, from Hamsey to the north, and from Lewes itself are protected and enhanced. The design shall incorporate views within, to and from the site to surrounding landmarks and features;	
vii)	Development is consistent with positive local character and local distinctiveness and respects the character, amenity and setting of the adjacent Malling Deanery Conservation Area and the listed Church of St Michael;	
viii)	Impacts on tranquillity, dark night skies and biodiversity are minimised by restricting access to some areas of floodplain outside the site and by providing only limited night lighting and the use of low level lighting where required;	
ix)	An ecological survey is undertaken and appropriate measures are implemented to mitigate adverse impacts on the South Malling Disused Railway SNCI and Offham Marshes SSSI;	
x)	Fields which are in the same ownership but are outside the developable area shall be retained as a designated Local Nature	

	Reserve and/or Local Green Space and be subject to an agreed Land Management Plan, funded through a section 106 agreement; public access within this area shall be controlled to protect the most ecologically valuable areas;	
xi)	The primary access point is to be off Monks Way at a point opposite Mantell Close the design of which should minimise impacts on views from the north; the existing former railway bridge forms a secondary access point for emergency use and an access for pedestrians and cyclists and to the existing farm buildings;	
xii)	Development respects the amenity of the existing dwellings adjoining the site;	
xiii)	A site specific flood risk assessment is undertaken and an appropriate surface water drainage strategy is agreed by the appropriate body and implemented as agreed;	
xiv)	A survey is undertaken of existing trees and hedgerows and appropriate measures are implemented for their protection in accordance with a schedule to be agreed with the local planning authority;	
xv)	Development is subject to a geophysical survey and trial trench evaluation of the high archaeological potential in the area and any resulting measures are implemented;	
xvi)	Contributions are made towards other off-site infrastructure improvements arising from and related to the development, including complementary measures in keeping with the landscape setting to reduce the attractiveness to existing traffic of Church Lane/Mayhew Way/Brooks Road as an alternative to Malling Hill and to improve the capacity of the junctions at the A26 /B2192 Earwig Corner, Church Lane/Malling Hill, and the	

Brooks Road/Phoenix Causeway roundabout;
xvii) Measures are put in place to improve access from the site to the town centre by non-car modes; and
xviii) The development will provide a connection to the sewerage system at the nearest point of adequate capacity, as advised by Southern Water.



access point onto Monks Way, which is at grade and currently used for agricultural vehicles, is situated at the northern end of the site. Monks Way would form the principal access to the site, with the railway bridge providing secondary access for pedestrians, cyclists and emergency use, as well as access to the former farm buildings. To the south of the site lies the Malling Deanery Conservation Area, including the Grade II* St Michaels Church.	
Much of the site is Agricultural Land Classification Grade 2, with some Sub- grade 3a, and therefore constitutes best and most versatile agricultural land. There is also ecological interest in the area, including the Offham Marshes SSSI on the opposite side of the River Ouse and the SNCI along the adjacent disused railway cutting on the east of the site. The site also lies within an area of high archaeological potential being in the vicinity of a medieval settlement and the ruins of a college of Benedictine Canons.	
While current information would suggest that these interests do not override the principle of development on the site, further survey work will be required and appropriate mitigation measures implemented. The loss of best and most versatile land is to be avoided where possible. However in this case the few alternative options for strategic level residential development around Lewes town have been ruled out for other reasons, such as being of even greater great landscape sensitivity within the National Park.	
Development of the site could adversely impact the Special Qualities of the National Park, for instance on landscape and views, on recreational activities (the Ouse Valley Way), on tranquillity (including dark night skies), on historical features and cultural heritage (including the Conservation Area, Listed Building and archaeological remains), and on nearby wildlife and habitats. Nevertheless a sensitively designed scheme could be accommodated at Old Malling Farm, which takes into account the range of significant constraints and impacts on the SDNP and its Special Qualities and incorporates an appropriate range of mitigation measures.	

<ul> <li>Landscape mitigation measures must address the following sensitivities (as identified by the SDNPA's landscape consultant<sup>2</sup>):</li> <li>Views from the site to local landmark features including chalk hills, church towers and Lewes Castle give this site a strong sense of place.</li> <li>The strong rural, tranquil and natural character of the Ouse Valley with no development apparent on its eastern banks, save for historic settlement associated with Old Malling Farm and Lewes Malling Deanery.</li> <li>The visually sensitive western edge of the site above the Ouse Valley floor where development would intrude into the valley.</li> <li>The site is seen in the context of the wider Ouse Valley floodplain when the site is viewed from elevated locations to the east and west.</li> <li>From elevated locations to the west the entire site is clearly visible and visually separates the historic settlement of Old Malling Farm and Lewes Malling Deanery.</li> <li>From elevated locations to the east the northern field of the site is visually prominent and is seen as part of the wider Ouse Valley corridor.</li> <li>The Ouse corridor to the north of Lewes was included in the South Downs National Park as providing a high quality setting to Lewes town for reasons of its intrinsic scenic attraction, cultural heritage and nature conservation.</li> </ul>	
Various measures are suggested by the landscape consultant to address these, including development on parts of the site only and at a lower density, and pulling development back and away from the western, southern and northern parts of the site. Other suggestions include: providing only limited	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Landscape and Visual Assessment: Old Malling Farm, Lewes, Allison Farmer Associates, May 2012

night lighting on the site and the use of low level lighting where required, ensuring the use of dark colours for roofs, retaining views out of the site to surrounding landmarks, retaining some areas of floodplain with no access, and ensuring that any improved access to the floodplain does not unduly extend urbanising influences, including that signage and surfaces, gates and fencing are low key.	
These various measures will be reviewed and considered for inclusion in a Design Brief be undertaken for the site either by the SDNPA or by the applicant and subject to the SDNPA's approval. This will be informed by a detailed site appraisal, which shall include as 3D computer modelling of the site and its context; appropriate Verified Photomontages; and Zone of Theoretical Visibility plots from appropriate locations within the site.	
With regard to the other fields in the same ownership but outside the developable area, this land may not be viable for agricultural purposes once the development goes ahead. There is a significant risk that the land would be vulnerable to alternative peri-urban activities as a result of the development, being sold off for alternative uses such as equine grazing/small holding, or other recreational activities. This would significantly affect its character and have impacts on the wider Ouse Valley and the Ouse Valley Way. It is therefore proposed that, in the event of it no longer being used for farming, it should be designated as a Local Nature Reserve (LNR) or Local Green Space as appropriate. This would be done through the Lewes Neighbourhood Plan or, failing that, through the South Downs National Park Local Plan. Public access within this area shall be subject to control through design measures which are based on preserving the most ecologically valuable areas, as identified through the ecological survey. This should apply even if the land is retained for farming under the HLS scheme. The maintenance of the LNR shall be subject to an agreed Land Management Plan, to be funded from the development through a section 106 agreement.	

	Transport evidence shows that significant development of this site should be contingent on highway improvement works at the Earwig corner junction of the A26 with the B2192 on the edge of the town to the east of the site. This is a junction that already experiences congestion, particularly at peak times, and therefore the further strain from new development (including from other development in Lewes town and at Ringmer) will need to be mitigated. Development consistent with this policy, as well as other development in the area will enable this mitigation to occur, possibly through a traffic light system to improve the flow of traffic through the junction. In addition, mitigation measures associated with the impact of development at Old Malling Farm will be required at the critical junction of Church Lane/Malling Hill and at the Brooks Road/Phoenix Causeway roundabout, in agreement with the local highway authority. Traffic calming measures are also required to reduce the amount of existing traffic using the access roads to the site so that they can accommodate the additional traffic movements that will be generated by the development. Contributions to infrastructure, including green infrastructure and equipped play space, will be sought initially through a Section 106 agreement and would be specified further as part of that agreement. However, depending on the date of permission being granted, some of these contributions would be made through the Community Infrastructure Levy, once introduced.	

		The Old Malling Farm site has not been acquired by a developer and so is not subject to an unrealistically high hope value. It is a greenfield site with no abnormal development costs. It also represents the only strategic level greenfield site that can deliver a significant level of housing, which includes affordable housing, in and around Lewes town. In line with the UK Government Vision and Circular, 2010, the delivery of affordable housing within a National Park is seen as a priority. It is therefore considered that 50% affordable housing could be delivered on this site without unduly affecting the viability of the development. Viability evidence has been prepared indicating that this is the case. Due to the high number of affordable houses that will be delivered on this site it will be important to consider the mix of these houses, particularly in terms of type and tenure. With this being the case, the National Park Authority and District Council (as the Housing Authority) may seek/accept a tenure split for the affordable housing that delivers a greater proportion of intermediate housing than the 25% guideline in Core Policy 1.	
MM06	Section 6 (Spatial Strategy) Spatial Policy 5 paragraphs 6.80 – 6.83 p58-59	<ul> <li>6.80 Through the evidence collected for the Core Strategy, a case can be made for the delivery of a strategic housing allocation at Ringmer during the early part of the plan period. The identification of such an allocation will help maintain a sufficient supply of deliverable housing sites during this period and up until the point further allocations are made in subsequent plans. However, Ringmer Parish Council is at an advanced stage of producing a Neighbourhood Plan (they were selected as one of the first 17 Neighbourhood Plans to be commenced in the country under the Governments Neighbourhood Planning Vanguard scheme). The Parish Council propose that this plan will include the identification of sites for the delivery of housing.</li> <li>6.81 Given the above scenario, the preference is to let this Neighbourhood Plan decide on the location of all of the 220 net additional housing units assigned to Ringmer and Broyle Side through Spatial Policy 2. This would include the delivery of housing in the early part of the plan period</li> </ul>	To remove explanation of the contingency relationship to the Ringmer Neighbour- hood Plan to modify SP5 (which will be renumbered SP6) to a full strategic allocation.

		<ul> <li>to help maintain a sufficient supply of deliverable sites during this period.</li> <li>6.82 Although the Core Strategy seeks the allocation of the 220 net additional dwellings at Ringmer and Broyle Side through the Neighbourhood Plan, a contingency is required should this plan not be successful in securing the delivery of part of this total in the early part of the plan period (if the neighbourhood plan does not secure housing for the latter part of the plan period then the contingency is the Site Allocations and Development Management Policies DPD – this applies to all towns and parishes preparing a neighbourhood plan). This is particularly important as no guarantee can be given that the required number of dwellings will be delivered through this Neighbourhood Plan (the risk of a plan not being approved through the referendum process particularly contributes towards such uncertainties). The contingency to the Ringmer Neighbourhood Plan led approach is to identify a strategic allocation at Ringmer that will be implemented should the need arise.</li> <li>6.83 In the event that the Ringmer Neighbourhood Plan is not made before the adoption of the Core Strategy or that it does not allocate sites that will secure the delivery of 110 net additional dwellings by April 2019, the following policy will apply.</li> </ul>	
MM07 Originally listed as MOD36 in Schedule 2	Section 6 (Spatial Strategy) Spatial Policy 4, p.55	Amend the first sentence of Spatial Policy 4: Land amounting to 8.5 hectares is allocated for residential development of approximately 175 dwellings (of which 62 net units already have planning permission on this strategic site). Development will be permitted subject to compliance with the Core Delivery Policies of this plan and the following criteria:	To correct the site area to correspond with the extended site allocation and to reflect that 62 units now have planning permission on

			part of the site.
MM08 Originally	Section 6 (Spatial Strategy) Spatial Policy 4,	Replace the words 'Primary and secondary accesses' with 'Access' and add the word '/or' to read: i) Access including provision for pedestrians and cyclists to be	To allow flexibility for alternative suitable
listed as MOD5 in Schedule 1	criterion(i), p.55	provided from Ridge Way and/or Greenhill Way;	access solutions to be considered.
MM09	Section 6 (Spatial Strategy)	Add new criterion (viii) to read as follows:	To address concerns
	(Spallal Strategy)	The development will provide a connection to the sewerage and water	raised by the
Originally	Spatial Policy 4:	supply systems at the nearest point of adequate capacity, as advised by	representation
listed as	New criterion	Southern Water, and ensure future access to the existing sewerage and	s submitted
MOD7 in	(viii) p.55	water supply infrastructure for maintenance and upsizing purposes.	by Southern
Schedule 1			Water in
			response to the Focussed
			Amendments.
MM10	Section 6	Insert additional criterion after existing criterion ii) and renumber subsequent	To respond to
	(Spatial Strategy)	criteria accordingly:	the discussion at the
	Spatial Policy 5	iii) The development will wherever possible allow for the retention of	examination
	p59 Additional	important hedgerows.	hearing where relevant

# APPENDIX 1

Main Modifications

MM11	criterion iii) Section 6 (Spatial Strategy) Spatial Policy 5 p59	Amend criterion vii) to remove reference to the cycle route as follows: vii) Contributions towards off-site infrastructure improvements arising from and related to the development. This will include off-site highway improvements being made to the Earwig Corner junction as well as in the immediate vicinity of the site, particularly along Bishops Lane and its junction with the B2192. In addition, the development will be expected to make a contribution towards the delivery of the extension to the cycle route between Lewes and Ringmer; and.	parties agreed that a criterion should be added to protect existing important hedgerows as appropriate. To update reflecting that the extension to the cycle route is now completed.
MM12 Originally listed as MOD12 in Schedule 1	Section 6 (Spatial Strategy) Spatial Policy 5: New criterion (viii) p.59	Add new criterion (viii) to read as follows: The development will provide a connection to the sewerage system at the nearest point of adequate capacity, as advised by Southern Water. Delete the following sentence: Any units will be phased for completion once increased capacity has been provided at the Neaves Lane Waste Water Treatment Works.	To address concerns raised by the representation s submitted by Southern Water in response to the Focussed Amendments and respond to updated information

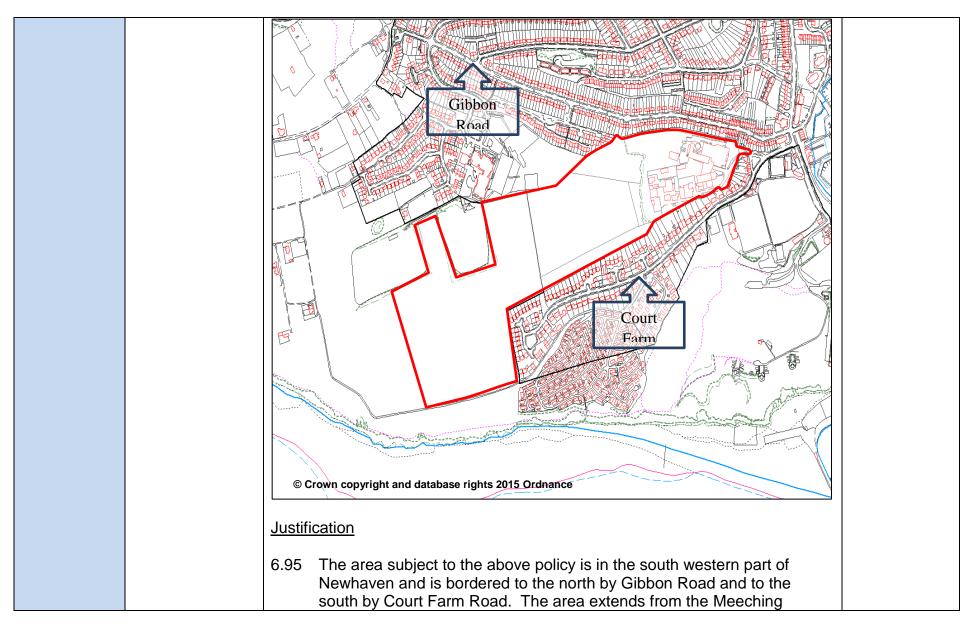
			about the WWTW capacity.
MM13	Section 6 (Spatial Strategy) Spatial Policy 6 paragraphs 6.90 – 6.101 p61-65	<ul> <li>Delete paragraphs 6.90 to 6.101 and SP6 policy wording. Replace with new text and policy wording relating to a full allocation:</li> <li><u>Newhaven</u></li> <li>6.90 Newhaven is the smallest of the four towns in the district (parish population: 12,232), despite being located in a strategically important position on the south coast at the mouth of the River Ouse. Newhaven is a port town which still has an active industrial and commercial river frontage. This includes a harbour with a cross-channel ferry service to Dieppe.</li> <li>6.91 Regeneration of the district's coastal towns is a key objective of this plan. Key to this will be regeneration at Newhaven and growth will have a significant role to play in achieving this transformation. In this regard, the District Council supports the Port Authority's plans for the continued use of the port for freight and passengers, which includes plans for expansion and modernisation. The District Council is also seeking to make better use of the current employment sites in the town and Core Policy 4 will be key to achieving this.</li> <li>6.92 Housing growth is considered pivotal in helping to achieve regeneration at Newhaven. As well as supplying much needed housing within an area of need, additional housing in Newhaven will also bring about significant investment into the town, including improvements to infrastructure and the creation of jobs, and a larger population base to support the existing businesses, including town centre retailers, which operate in the town.</li> </ul>	To make a full strategic site allocation instead of a broad location for development in response to the Inspector's Initial Findings.

	6.93	Spatial Policy 2 has identified Newhaven as the town to have the highest level of housing growth during the plan period. The Strategic Housing Land Availability Assessment has identified significant potential for housing growth during the plan period, both through redevelopment opportunities within the existing town and some outward expansion. It will be for the District Council's Site Allocations and Development Management Policies DPD, or a Neighbourhood Plan, to specifically allocate the <u>majority of</u> sites for housing. However, it is already clear that redevelopment opportunities within the existing town alone will not meet the overall housing target. In order for this target to be met, a strategic <del>development site</del> that involves the outward expansion of the town will need to come forward. The area for where this development will be is at Harbour Heights, which is located to the southwest of the town.	
	<u>6.94</u>	The allocation of Harbour Heights will be considered by the local planning authority as a single development. In the event that the site comes forward through multiple applications it is important that these are guided by and accord with a masterplan, infrastructure delivery strategy and phasing strategy. This will help ensure a comprehensive approach for the delivery of the allocated site as a whole as well as ensure that any proposals for part of the site help deliver a cohesive development that meets the Core Strategy's policy objectives and do not prejudice the delivery of the remainder of the site or infrastructure provision.	
	<del>6.94</del>	Given that there is already a significant supply of planned housing for Newhaven (in the form of existing commitments), there is not seen a need to bring forward the Harbour Heights area for housing in the early part of the plan period. Hence, this plan identifies the broad area and it will be for the Site Allocations and Development Management Policies	

	DPD, or Newhaven Neighbourhood Plan, to set the detailed allocation
	for this development. Nevertheless, it is considered important to set
	some guiding principles for this, which are detailed within the following
	policy;
	Spatial Policy <u>7</u> <del>6</del> – Land at Harbour Heights, Newhaven
	Development of the Harbour Heights area at Newhaven will need to be
	subject to a detailed allocation within, either the District Council's Site
	Allocations and Development Management Policies DPD, or a Newhaven
	Neighbourhood Plan. This allocation will make a contribution towards the
	overall housing delivery target for Newhaven and it will need to identify
	the specific development boundary, the mix and quantum of development
	and be subject to the following criteria;
	and be subject to the following officina,
	Land amounting to 20 hectares is allocated for a mixed-use development
	including employment units and approximately 400 dwellings.
	Development will be permitted subject to compliance with the Core
	Delivery Policies of this plan and the following criteria;
I	Derivery Foncies of this plan and the fonowing criteria,
	i) Progress in accordance with a detailed Masterplan,
	Infrastructure Delivery Strategy and Phasing Strategy to be
	agreed with the local planning authority;
	ii) Primary and secondary accesses including provision for
	pedestrians and cyclists to be provided from Court Farm Road
	and Quarry Road.
	iii) Development delivers at least 30% affordable housing in
	accordance with the relevant criteria of Core Policy 1.
	i)iv) The development maintains the undeveloped nature of the cliff
	top coastline, and avoids exposing new development to coastal
	erosion risk, by ensuring a sufficient undeveloped area from the
	cliff edge to the most southerly point of development. This area
	cini euge to the most southerry point of development. This alea

	will be utilised for informal open space and will respect the	
	Beachy Head to Selsey Bill Shoreline Management Plan.	
	ii) The development mitigates against adverse impacts on the	
	highway network, which includes the junction of South Road and	
	South Way, and incorporates measures to improve sustainable	
	travel options from the site to the town centre and beyond.	
	iii)v) Development respects the amenity of the existing dwellings	
	adjoining the site.	
	vi) Contributions towards off-site infrastructure improvements	
	arising from and related to the development. This will include off	
	site highway improvements being made to the South Road/ South	
	Way junction.	
	iv)vii) Subject to a proven need and viability considerations, any loss	
	of employment units will be compensated for by the provision of	
	modern business units that are appropriate for a predominantly	
	residential area.	
	v)viii) Robust landscaping, which is appropriate to a coastal location,	
	is provided within and around the site to mitigate the impacts of	
	this edge of town site on the surrounding landscape, having	
	particular regards to views from and into the National Park <u>.</u>	
	viii) The development incorporates and/or makes contribution towards	
	the provision of equipped play space and sports pitches.	
	ix) <u>Development is subject to an appropriate assessment and</u>	
	evaluation of the archaeological potential and historic interest of	
	the site.	
	x) Development is subject to an ecological impact assessment and	
	appropriate measures are undertaken to mitigate adverse impacts	
	on biodiversity, and	
	xi) The development will provide a connection to the sewerage	
	system at the nearest point of adequate capacity, as advised by	
	Southern Water.	

Should any planning application be submitted that only relates to part of the site it must be accompanied by:	
<ul> <li>A Masterplan and Infrastructure Delivery Statement that sets out:         <ul> <li>a) Site specific infrastructure requirements and how these relate to the full allocation Infrastructure Delivery Strategy;</li> <li>b) Details of proposed development phasing, proposed triggers for the delivery of associated infrastructure and how these relate to the full allocation Phasing Strategy; and</li> <li>c) Details of how proposed publicly accessible space and facilities would be managed and maintained and related to the wider site and surroundings.</li> </ul> </li> <li>A Financial Appraisal in a format to be agreed in advance with the local planning authority, reporting on financial viability issues and justifying the form and content of the proposals. This will include the amount and type of affordable housing and amount and phasing of employment provision and details of how this relates to the delivery of the wider site.</li> </ul>	



Quarry Industrial Estate site in the east to land known as Harbour Heights in the west.
6.96 The majority of the area subject to this policy is in agricultural use. The land is considered low grade agricultural land. Meeching Quarry Industrial Estate, covering approximately 3 hectares of the eastern part of the policy area, currently contains a mix of B2, B8 and Sui Generis uses. The Economic and Employment Land Assessment (EELA) recognises that the industrial estate has a low vacancy rate (15%) but scores the site low with regards to market attractiveness due to the poor quality and age of units, a number of which are currently vacant (including the Artex unit that covers a significant proportion of the site). The EELA identifies a need for the provision of smaller, high quality premises within Newhaven, particularly move-on office units, including to accommodate businesses seeking to move-on -from the Enterprise Centre. The redevelopment of the Industrial Estate offers a good opportunity to meet this need and help off-set the loss of the existing employment floorspace. In setting the future allocation for the Harbour Heights area, consideration should be given to the redevelopment of this Industrial Estate so that the opportunity to provide smaller, high-quality premises, particularly move-on office units from the Enterprise Centre, identified as a need in the EELA, can be explored. It would also offer the opportunity to relocate those uses that are not considered compatible with the neighbouring residential uses.
6.97 A site specific affordable housing requirement has been included for this strategic site in recognition of known and potential site constraints, including local topography, potential land contamination and infrastructure mitigation. An initial viability assessment indicates that affordable housing delivery at 40% (as sought by Core Policy 1) is unlikely be deliverable. Therefore, the level of affordable housing has been reduced to at least 30%, with the final level of affordable housing to

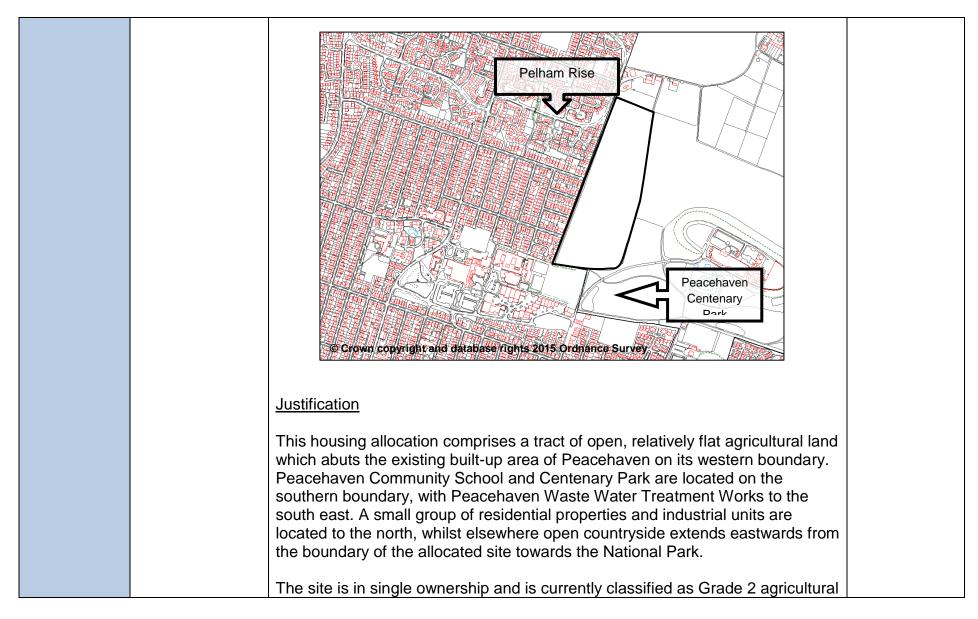
be provided on site being informed by further detailed viability work. The development would be expected to be consistent with all other relevant aspects of CP1.	
6.976.98 At present a number of access opportunities exist, There are two potential access points, including from Court Farm Road (between 128 and 138), through the Industrial Estate and also creating an access onto Southdown Road and Quarry Road. The development should enable vehicular, cycle and pedestrian access through the site to link Southdown Road and Court Farm Road and the detailed allocation should address this.Opportunities to create linkages between the development and surrounding area should be explored, particularly linking the development to the primary and secondary schools to the north.	
6.98 <u>6.99</u> Part of this broad location includes a site allocated for residential development in the Local Plan from 2003 (Policy NH8). This specific allocation has been retained, although should it be delivered in advance of a wider development that is consistent with this spatial policy, consideration will need to be given as to how the scheme can integrate with development to the north, east and west.	
6.99 <u>6.100</u> Previous consideration of development in this part of Newhaven, as well as the findings from the evidence base (particularly the Landscape Capacity Study) identifies that parts of this area are quite prominent in landscape terms, particularly with the site being visible from a number of locations in and around Newhaven. However, existing and planned (the <u>2003 Local Plan</u> land west of Meeching Quarry allocation) development in this part of the town has provided an urban feel to this area, which would not be exacerbated by development in accordance with this policy. To ensure that this is the case, careful consideration will still need to be given to the development's layout, design and	

landscaping. This will need to ensure that visual impacts on the landscape, including views of the site from vantage points such as the cliff top and Newhaven Fort/ Castle Hill, are not compromised and that a suitable gap is maintained between Newhaven and Peacehaven (in this regard the development should not be located any further west than the western end of Hill Top Way and should provide a soft landscape interface between the town and countryside).	
6.100 <u>6.101</u> In considering the impact of development on the landscape, special regard will need to be given to the undeveloped nature of the coastline, which needs to be retained. This should ensure that no development is located within the indicative cliff top erosion zone where no active intervention, to prevent erosion, is planned within the Shoreline Management Plan.	
6.101 <u>6.102</u> The policy makes reference to highway mitigation measures and improvements to sustainable transport options. The justification for this is that the transport evidence indicates that an increase in traffic from development in this part of Newhaven will have an adverse impact on southern access junctions of the Newhaven Ring Road (A259) in that they would be at or above their operating capacity. Appropriate mitigation measures are deemed deliverable and would need to be identified in the detailed allocation. The additional strain from the development of this site will need to be mitigated. These mitigation measures will be in the form of junction improvements at South Road and South Way and by substantially improving sustainable transport options in this part of the town, especially a good quality and high frequencyt bus service, which will reduce the need to utilise the private car. As such, a sustainable travel plan will be required, which will need to be agreed by the local planning authority, in consultation with the local highway authority, and implemented accordingly.	

		<ul> <li>6.103 Newhaven is currently recognised as having a shortfall in equipped children's play space and sports pitches. Although it is unreasonable to expect this development to make up the entire shortfall, it is proposed that the provision of, or contribution towards, open space and sports and recreation provision should be focussed on providing the facilities that are currently under-supplied in the area.</li> <li>6.104 The site lies in an area of archaeological potential and as a result an appropriate assessment and evaluation of the site's archaeological and historic interest through desk-based assessment, geophysical survey, geo-archaeological survey and trial trenching will be expected to inform appropriate mitigation by design and recording.</li> <li>6.105 The site is adjacent to the Brighton to Newhaven Cliffs SSSI and there are SNCIs to the east and west. There are also multiple records of protected and notable species from the local area. As a result a ecological impact assessment will be required together with appropriate mitigation informed by the ecological impact assessment.</li> </ul>	
MM14	Section 6 (Spatial Strategy) New policy SP8 and text p.65	Insert new text to read:Peacehaven and TelscombePeacehaven and Telscombe (combined parish population: 21,544) are located on the coast between Newhaven and the city of Brighton & Hove. The combined areas are classified as a district centre in the settlement hierarchy and offer a range of shops and services, together with a leisure centre, health facilities, library, and secondary school.Peacehaven and Telscombe offer only limited employment opportunities and there is significant out-commuting to work, particularly to the adjacent city of Brighton & Hove. The proximity of the city is also reflected in a fairly buoyant	

local housing market, which is supported by significant levels of in-migration from Brighton & Hove.
The A259 coast road is the only vehicular route in and out of the urban area and ESCC, as the local transport authority, has concerns about the ability of this road to accommodate further increases in demand. Accordingly, the County Council's transport policies and strategy for district's coastal towns focus on improvements to, and increasing usage of, public transport to meet future demands along the A259 corridor.
Peacehaven and Telscombe benefit from an extensive network of green spaces, including the cliff top and Telscombe Tye, which offers important recreational opportunities for residents. The Peacehaven Centenary Park, a 12 hectare site incorporating both formal and informal recreational facilities, was opened in 2015, funded primarily by recent housing development and the adjacent Waste Water Treatment Plant.
Opportunities for expansion of the built-up area are limited by the sea to the south and the boundary of the South Downs National Park to the north. However, a strategic housing development opportunity exists on agricultural land at Lower Hoddern Farm, located north-west of the new Peacehaven Centenary Park, as detailed in the following policy.
Spatial Policy 8 - Land at Lower Hoddern Farm, Peacehaven
Land amounting to 11 hectares is allocated for residential development of approximately 450 dwellings. Development will be permitted subject to compliance with the Core Delivery Policies of this plan and the following criteria:
i) The primary vehicular access point shall be taken from Pelham Rise;

v	<ul> <li>access to Southview Road, Firle Road and the Peacehaven Centenary Park;</li> <li>The provision of equipped children's play spaces throughout the development;</li> <li>The provision of 2 hectares of public amenity space at the south east corner of the site, allowing for the potential expansion of the Peacehaven Centenary Park;</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>The development is subject to a programme of archaeological works in order to enable any archaeological deposits and features to be recorded;</li> <li>Contributions to other off-site infrastructure improvements arising from and related to the development</li> </ul>	
	arising from and related to the development.	



land (i.e. the best and most versatile agricultural land). However, the site is within easy walking distance of the Meridian Centre, Peacehaven Leisure Centre, Peacehaven Community School, primary schools, and local employment opportunities. It is therefore considered that the economic and social benefits of housing development in this location outweigh the loss of valuable agricultural land.	
The development of the site also provides an opportunity to improve the urban edge of Peacehaven in this location, which is currently highly visible in views from the adjacent countryside of the National Park. This will be achieved through the requirement for a significant tree belt along the eastern edge of the allocation in order to help assimilate the development into the surrounding downland landscape.	
Approximately 2 hectares of the southern section of the site was allocated for public open space in the adopted Lewes District Local Plan 2003. This was part of a wider allocation to help address the significant shortfall of outdoor playing space in Peacehaven and Telscombe. Notwithstanding the recent completion of the Centenary Park, a shortfall in outdoor playing space still exists in the towns and it is therefore considered appropriate for the housing allocation to include at least 2 hectares of public amenity space to meet the needs of the new residents. Provision should also be made for equipped and informal children's play spaces in accordance with the Councils' adopted standards.	
Due to local highway capacity constraints, an essential requirement of the development will be the identification and delivery of a co-ordinated package of multi-modal transport measures to mitigate the impacts on the A259 coast road. This will include effective enhancements to the existing bus service levels and infrastructure in the A259 corridor, thereby increasing the share of total person demands by bus for the whole area, not just arising from the new development itself.	

		transport infrastructure of the A259/Telscombe the Newhaven Ring Ros sustainable accessibility network in order to enco The allocated site is loc an area of prehistoric ac required to record and a archaeological deposits evidence publicly acces	Cliffs Way junction, the Su ad. The development should y, including good connection burage walking and cycling ated within an Archaeologic ctivity and settlement. The advance understanding of t and features within the site ssible.	nprovements to the operation atton Avenue roundabout, and Id also demonstrate overall ons to the adjacent street cal Notification Area, defining developer will therefore be the significance of any e and should make this		
MM15	Section 7 (Core Delivery Policies		et of 40% affordable bour	ws: sing, including affordable	Statement 28 November 2014 which	
Originally	Core Policy 1,	-			sets	
listed as	p70					
MOD 38 in		less than 10 units, in designated rural areas, affordable housing, or			thresholds below which	
Schedule 2		financial contributions towards, will be sought on developments of 6			affordable	
			to the stepped target and		housing	
					contributions	
		Affordable Hous	sing Target/Threshold		should not be	
		Scheme size	Affordable Housing		sought.	
		(units)	(units)			
		<u>6-8</u>	<u>2*</u>		Reference to	
		9-10	<u>3*</u>		shared ownership is	
		11+	40%		removed and	
		*commuted sum fi		1	replaced with	
			nanolai payment		a glossary	

MM16	Core Policy 2 p73	<ol> <li>The affordable housing requirement may exceptionally be determined on a site by site basis where justified by market and/or site conditions. The target levels will be expected to be provided by all developments of 3 <u>11</u> or more <u>and 6 or more in designated rural areas</u> (net) dwelling units (including conversions and subdivisions) unless the local planning authority is satisfied by robust financial viability evidence that development would not be financially viable at the relevant target level.</li> <li>(The remaining text in Core Policy 1 is unaltered)</li> <li>Amend Criterion 2 to read:</li> <li>Provide flexible, socially inclusive and adaptable accommodation to help meet the diverse needs of the community and the changing needs of occupants over time. <u>This need will include accommodation</u> <u>appropriate for the ageing population and disabled residents.</u> To <u>contribute towards meeting this need,</u> Lifetime Homes <u>S</u>standards will be <del>encouraged required for a minimum of 10% of homes in new build</del> residential developments<u>of 11 or more homes</u>.</li> </ol>	definition for intermediate housing, which provides a fuller meaning as the intention was not to narrow the definition to just shared ownership To clarify the requirement for Lifetime Homes.
MM17 Originally listed as MOD17 in Schedule 1	Section 7 (Core Delivery Policies) Core Policy 3, criterion 1, p.76	Amend criterion 1 by inserting the words 'and wastewater facilities' to read: Avoid locating sites in areas at high risk of flooding or significantly contaminated land, or adjacent to existing uses incompatible with residential uses, such as waste tips and wastewater facilities;	To address concerns raised by the representation s submitted by Southern Water in response to the Focussed Amendments.

### **APPENDIX 1**

Main Modifications

MM18	Core Policy 3 p76	Amend the first paragraph of the policy wording to read:	To include updated
		Provision will be made for a net total of <u>13</u> <del>11 <u>5</u> additional permanent</del>	figures from
		pitches for Gypsies and Travellers to within Lewes District to serve the	the December
		needs for the period 2014 to 2030. Of these 5 pitches will serve the needs	2014 GTAA.
		of the area outside the National Park and 8 will serve the needs within the	
		National Park area of the district. the area of the Lewes District district	Supersedes
		that falls outside the National Park for the period 2011 2014 to 2019*2030.	MÖD41.
		and 8 net additional permanent pitches are identified for the area of the	
		National Park that falls within Lewes district. The local planning	
		authoritiesy will allocate specific, deliverable sites through a Site	
		Allocations and Development Management DPDthe Local Plan Part 2 and	
		the SDNPA Local Plan, unless allocated through Neighbourhood Plans.	
		These plans allocations will be informed by appropriate Site Assessment	
		work and takeing into account any planning permissions granted for	
		permanent use in the interim.	
MM19	Core Policy 4	Amend and add to criterion 2. to read:	To reflect the
	p81		Hearing
		Safeguard existing employment sites from other competing uses unless	discussions
		there are demonstrable economic viability or environmental amenity	by giving
		reasons for not doing so. This will include:	clarity and
		A low or doubt the state law or before at	cross
		i. A demonstrated lack of developer interest.	reference
		i. A demonstrated lack of tenant/occupier interestPersistently high	sentence is
		vacancy rates.	added to give
		ii. <u>A demonstrated lack of developer interest.</u>	clarity to
		iii. Serious adverse environmental impacts from existing operations.	potential
		iv. Where the site is otherwise unlikely to perform an employment role	applicants on
		in the future.	what
		v. Where the loss of some space would facilitate further/improved	measures
		employment floorspace provision.	they would

		Guidance on the interpretation of i. and ii. in the determination of planning applications is set out in paragraph 7.44 of the supporting text. Criterion 2 then continues as in the Submission JCS.	need to address in making a planning application in order to meet the policy requirements. If necessary, further details will be included in the Local Plan Part 2 development management policies.
MM20	Core Policy 6 p91	Insert additional text after the first sentence under the <u>Main Town Centres</u> heading within the policy: The loss of retail units that are within these defined areas and frontages will be resisted.	To clarify the position regarding proposed changes of use of retail units within the Primary Shopping Areas and Primary Shopping Frontages in Main Town Centres.

## **APPENDIX 1**

Main Modifications

MM21	Core Policy 6 p91	Insert additional text after the first sentence under the <u>District Centres</u> heading within the policy: The loss of retail units that are within these defined areas and frontages will be resisted.	To clarify the position regarding proposed changes of use of retail units within the Primary Shopping Areas and Primary Shopping Frontages in District Centres.
MM22	Core Policy 6 p91	Insert the following text under the District Centres heading, after the existing text:In Newhaven town centre a diverse range of retail and other uses such as cafes, restaurants, financial and professional services, employment, arts, cultural and community facilities will be encouraged in order to support the retail function. Such uses will also be permitted in vacant retail units within the Newhaven Primary Shopping Area. Changes of use to residential will be supported in Newhaven town centre, except at street level in the Primary Shopping Area, where other appropriate alternative uses such as retail, cafés, restaurants, financial and professional services, arts, cultural or community facilities cannot be identified.Delete this same text from under the Local Centres heading.	To reflect Newhaven town centre being reclassified as a District Retail Centre in the Retail Hierarchy on p87.
MM23	Core Policy 6 p92	Reword and expand Criterion 4 to read:	To set out the criteria

Iocations not identified in the retail hierarchy unless:         a           i) a viability appraisal, including a marketing exercise, demonstrates that         c	against which applications to change the
i) a viability appraisal, including a marketing exercise, demonstrates that c	
	change the
Continued use as a snop is no longer teasible: or	in a st la sal
	use of local
	shops will be
an accessible location within the same locality.	considered.
Where such uses become redundant or are demonstrated to be	Fo delete
unviable alternative community uses will be sought in the first	reference to
instance. Proposals for new small scale rural retail and community 'r	rural' shops
	and .
· · · ·	community
	acilities' in
ti	his context as
	Core Policy 7
	covers those.
MM24 Section 7 (Core Amend criterion 2 to read: T	To reflect
Delivery Policies)	discussions at
2. The highest priority will be given to the conservation and enhancement	he Hearings.
Core Policy 10 of the landscape qualities first purpose of the South Downs National Park,	Ũ
	Note – this
	supersedes
	MOD44.
appropriately enhance its rural, urban and historic landscape qualities,	
and its natural and scenic beauty, as informed by the South Downs	
Integrated Landscape Character Assessment.	
MM25 Section 7 (Core Amend criterion 3. to read: T	To reflect
	discussions at
	he Hearings.
Core Policy 10 recreational pressure, residential development that results in a net	<b>U</b>
	For clarity – to

MM26	Section 7 (Core Delivery Policies) Core Policy 10 p.102	<ul> <li>be required to contribute to:</li> <li>i. The provision of Suitable Alternative Natural Greenspaces (SANGs) at the ratio of 8 hectares per additional 1,000 residents; and</li> <li>ii. The implementation of an Ashdown Forest <u>Strategic Access</u></li> <li><u>Management and Monitoring Strategy (SAMMS)</u> <u>Management Strategy;</u></li> <li>iii. A programme of monitoring and research at Ashdown Forest</li> <li>Until such a time that appropriate mitigation is delivered, development that results in a net increase of one or more dwellings within 7km of Ashdown Forest will be resisted. Applicants may consider mitigation solutions other than SANGs in order to bring forward residential development. Such solutions would need to be agreed with the District Council and Natural England.</li> <li>Amend criterion 4 to read:</li> <li>4. Ensure that water quality is <u>improved where necessary or maintained when appropriatemaintained or improved</u> (including during any construction process) and that watercourses (including groundwater flows) are protected from encroachment and adverse impacts in line with the objectives of the South East River Basin Management Plan. Where appropriate, the local planning authority will seek the enhancement and restoration of modified watercourses.</li> </ul>	show that both SANGS and SAMMS is required and that SAMMS referred to the requirements contained in the original parts ii and iii of the policy. For clarification to ensure that the policy does not imply that we seek to maintain poor water quality.
MM27	Section 7 (Core Delivery Policies) Core Policy 11, p.105	<ul> <li>Amend Criterion (iii) of Core Policy 11 by deleting the words "Incorporates sustainable construction standards and techniques and" to read:</li> <li>iii. Adequately addresses the need to reduce resource and energy consumption;</li> </ul>	As agreed at the Hearings in response to representation by the Home Builders Federation.

#### **APPENDIX 1**

Main Modifications

MM28	Section 7 (Core Delivery Policies) Core Policy 13, p.111	Amend Core Policy 13 by deleting Criterion 5 and re-numbering Criteria 6 and 7 accordingly.	As agreed at the Examination in Public in response to the Inspector
MM29	Section 7 (Core Delivery Policies) Core Policy 14 p 115	Amend the first paragraph of the policy to read: In order to reduce locally contributing causes of climate change, including through the implementation <del>of the highest feasible standards</del> of sustainable construction techniques in new developments, the local planning authority will:	To reflect discussion at the Hearings and recognise the national position as set out in the Housing Standards Review
MM30	Section 7 (Core Delivery Policies) Core Policy 14 p 115	Amend criterion 2 to read: 2. Support applications for low carbon and renewable energy installations, subject to the following matters being satisfactorily assessed and addressed: i. Appropriate contribution to meeting national and local renewable heat and energy targets ii. i. Protecting the special qualities and setting of the South Downs National Park, in accordance with national park purposes and the duties of regard by relevant authorities Meeting the National Park Purposes where proposals lie within the South Downs National Park boundary iii. ii. Landscape and visual impact iv. iii. Local amenity impact v. iv. Ecology impact vi. v. Cultural heritage impact, including the need to preserve and	To ensure that regard is had to the Park even if the proposal is outside of the designation. Note – this supersedes MOD49

		enhance heritage assets.	
MM31	Section 7 (Core Delivery Policies) Core Policy 14 p 115	Amend criterion 3 to read: 3. Require planning applications relating to Core Strategy strategic site allocations and broad locations for growth to be accompanied by an Energy Strategy. The Energy Strategy will seek to incorporate decentralised and renewable or low carbon technologies into the development proposal or show how allowable solutions have been used to mitigate carbon emissions from the development. Where a strategic site or broad location is developed in phases, the Energy Strategy will guide the development of infrastructure for renewable and/or low carbon technologies in a coordinated way.	To reflect the Hearing discussions and ensure that allowable solutions are recognised in the policy.
MM32	Section 7 (Core Delivery Policies) Core Policy 14 p 115	Amend criterion 4 to read: 4. Require all new dwellings to achieve water consumption of less than 105 litres per person per day, in accordance with the Code for Sustainable Homes Level 4. Require all new dwellings to achieve water consumption of no more than 110 litres per person per day, unless it can be demonstrated that it would not be technically feasible or financially viable. All new non-residential developments over 1,000 square metres (gross floorspace) will be expected to achieve the BREEAM 'Very Good' standard. Developers and developers will be expected to provide certification evidence of the levels achieved in the relevant codes requirements/standards at the planning application stage.	To reflect the Housing Standards Review and to clarify that the required certification relates to non- residential development. This supersedes MOD50